

Pupil Premium Strategy 2023 - 2024

Analysis of 2022/2023 Spend

Priority 1: ENGLISH

To improve standards in reading and writing at KS1 and KS2 in 2023.

To increase the number of pupil premium children who achieve at a higher standard in reading and writing at KS1 and KS2

To improve standards in spelling, punctuation and grammar throughout the school.

PRIORITY 2: MATHEMATICS

To improve standards in mathematics at KS1 and KS2 in 2023

To increase the number of pupil premium children who achieve at a greater depth in mathematics at KS1 and reach a higher standard in mathematics at KS2.

PRIORITY 3: FAMILY SUPPORT

To continue to support our vulnerable pupils and families following the pandemic by maintaining a high level of family engagement and re-establishing lost links.

Priority 4: INCLUSION

To address any long term and shorter term effects caused by school closure including to implement a catchup curriculum and to plug the learning gaps.

Improve the progress and attainment of lower attaining pupil premium children.

TOTAL Spend £112,000

Impact

- Throughout the year all staff have led catch-up interventions and booster classes in English and maths.
- Senior leaders have continued to work with our most vulnerable families. The need for social and emotional support for our families has increased.
- Our offer of support at St. Andrew's continued to be a strength throughout 2022/2023, despite an increased demand. We continued to offer psychotherapeutic support for individuals and families.
- Pupil premium funding was used wisely to provide additional support in reading interventions, speech and language therapy, psychotherapeutic support and small group tuition. As a result all pupils made progress throughout the year although not all met age-related expectations.

KS1 DATA

- In 2023 the KS1 phonics check increased to 87% in comparison to 69% in 2022. The national average was 79%
- Attainment at KS1 matched national average in reading and writing. In mathematics attainment was broadly in line with the national average.

THE PERCENTAGE OF PUPILS ACHIEVING THE	Christ Church SW9	National Average
EXPECTED STANDARD AT KS1		
Reading	72%	68%
Writing	59%	60%
Maths	66%	71%

THE PERCENTAGE OF PUPILS ACHIEVING AT A HIGHER STANDARD AT KS1	Christ Church SW9	National Average
Reading	21%	19%
Writing	0%	8%
Maths	17%	16%

KS2 DATA

- At KS2 standards were below the national average in all areas however, this was not unexpected and is indicative of the additional needs of the cohort.
- Over 42% of pupils in this year group were identified with a special educational need and over 12% of pupils in a class of 26 children had an education health care plan (EHCP).
- These results do not demonstrate the progress those children have made throughout the year.

THE PERCENTAGE OF PUPILS ACHIEVING THE EXPECTED STANDARD AT KS2	Christ Church SW9	National Average
Reading	62%	73%
Writing	54%	71%
Maths	65%	73%
Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar	65%	72%
Reading, Writing & Maths COMBINED	54%	59%

THE PERCENTAGE OF PUPILS ACHIEVING AT A HIGHER STANDARD AT KS2	Christ Church SW9	National Average
Reading	19%	29%
Writing	19%	13%
Maths	31%	24%
Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar	31%	30%

Amount of Pupil Premium grant allocated: £112,000

Barriers to educational achievement:

Children at St. Andrew's CE Primary School often reside in an area of extremely high socio-economic deprivation. Barriers to learning for our Pupil Premium students include:

- Attainment on entry to the EYFS for some pupils is significantly below the National Average.
- The percentage of pupils entitled to free school meals is well above the national average at 44%.
- A high number of pupils (29%) speak English as an additional Language this is above the national average
- There is a high level of need for family support.
- The percentage of pupils with access to SEND support and the number of pupils with an EHC plan are above the national average and is increasing.
- The school deprivation indicator is in quintile 5 ie. the most deprived of all schools.

Barriers to educational achievement following the pandemic:

- The Covid pandemic has resulted in many children falling behind in their learning. This has affected the poorer and vulnerable children the most, wiping out over a decade's progress in closing education gaps. It is believed that it will take many years to get back on track.
- School closures has also curbed educational aspirations and disengagement from the school system, which
 could potentially have a long term impact on pupil outcomes. Attendance rates have dropped nationally.
- The attainment gap between social-economically disadvantaged pupils and their peers has widened since before the pandemic. At St. Andrew's we have a high level of pupils entitled to pupil premium at 44%. This is almost double the national average.
- Attainment at key stage 1 has dropped across the board in the first set of tests since 2019 with poorer pupils falling further behind their better-off peers.
- In 2022, performance in the phonics screening check, one of the government's key measures of success at primary school, is now the lowest it has been since 2014.
- Covid-19 has had a negative impact on all pupils, however, mostly our youngest pupils whose entire time at school has been affected by the pandemic (2023).
- Some families chose not to engage with home learning during the pandemic and therefore, those children have missed out on a considerable portion of their education.

Addressing these barriers:

To address identified barriers to learning, school leaders have identified the following priorities for Pupil Premium spending over the 2023/24 academic year:

Priority 1 ENGLISH

To improve standards in reading and writing at KS1 and KS2 in 2024.

To increase the number of pupil premium children who achieve at a higher standard in reading and writing at KS1 and KS2.

To improve standards in spelling, punctuation and grammar throughout the school.

Cost/Benefit Analysis	Actions:
Approximately £24000	HLTA to lead 'Reading Project X' intervention to support
(Staff costs and materials)	the progress of lower attaining pupils in KS2.
1:1 reading support:	
Cost: £ Evidence Base: ****	
Average impact: +5 months	
Approximately £5000	Reading, writing, spelling, punctuation and grammar
(Staff costs and materials)	booster classes.
1:1 reading support:	
Cost: £ Evidence Base: ***	
Average impact: +3 months	
£3000	Peer reading and peer writing intervention projects with
Cost:£ Evidence Base: ****	more able pupils and able underachievers working in pairs
Average impact: +5 months.	to provide mentorship.
640000	CALT august to develop advectional provision and
£10000	SALT support to develop educational provision and
Speech and Language	outcomes for all pupils as well as leading direct interventions sessions.
Therapy Cost:£ Evidence Base: ***	interventions sessions.
Average impact: +5 months.	
£10000	EP support to develop educational provision and outcomes
Educational Psychology	for all pupils.
Cost:£££ Evidence Base: ***	Tot all papilo.
Average impact: +4 months.	
£5000	1:1 daily phonics and reading tuition for pupils who are at
Staff Training	risk of not meeting age related expectations.
Cost:£££ Evidence Base: ***	National college subscription for all staff to be able to
Average impact: +5 months.	access quality on-line training delivered in school and
	remotely.
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PRIORITY 2: MATHEMATICS		
To improve standards in mathematics at KS1 and KS2 in 2024		
To increase the number of pupil premium children who achieve at a greater depth in		
mathematics at KS1 and reach a higher standard in mathematics at KS2.		
Cost/Benefit Analysis	Actions:	
Approximately £25,000	Maths subject leader to deliver training on mathematical	
(Staff costs and materials)	subject knowledge and planning.	
Cost: £ Evidence Base: ***		
Average impact +5 months.		
£1000	Support for pupils to extend their times tables knowledge.	
Cost: £ Evidence Base: **	Introduction of a multiplication work	
Average impact +2 months.		
Approximately £5000	Maths booster classes	
(Staff costs and materials)		
Cost: £ Evidence Base: ***		
Average impact +3 months.		
Approximately £3000	Small group tuition with a particular focus on closing the	
(Staff costs and materials)	attainment gap.	
Cost: £££ Evidence Base: **	Small group tuition for higher attaining pupil premium	
Average impact: +4 months.	children.	

PRIORITY 3: FAMILY SUPPORT			
	To improve whole school attendance.		
	nerable pupils and families following the pandemic by		
	ly engagement and re-establishing lost links.		
Cost/Benefit Analysis	Actions:		
£21,450	Educational Psychotherapist to work at the school one		
Cost:£££ Evidence Base: ****	day a week, delivering family therapy.		
Average impact: +4 months.			
Approximately £30,000 from	Parent Partnership Leader to offer support to families with		
pupil premium budget.	engagement with the school, attendance and housing		
Parental involvement:	issues, secondary transfer, family learning and other		
Cost: £££ Research levels: ***	impacting factors on family life.		
Impact +3 months			
£1,500	Offers of free breakfast club and after school club places		
After school programs / Arts	as a support mechanism to improve attendance, social		
activity participation:	and emotional engagement and access to a free evening		
Cost: £££	meal.		
Research evidence: ***			
Impact: +2 months.			

Priority 4: INCLUSION		
To continue to implement a catch-up curriculum and to plug the learning gaps. Improve the progress and attainment of lower attaining pupil premium children.		
Cost/Benefit Analysis	Actions:	
Approximately £10,000	SALT support one day each week to develop	
Oral Language Interventions	educational provision and outcomes for pupils with	
Cost: £ Evidence Base: ****	SEND as well as leading direct intervention sessions.	
Average impact: +5 months.	OLIND as well as leading direct intervention sessions.	
Approximately £20,000	TAs to lead 1:1 reading interventions including Project X,	
1:1 reading support/tuition:	Toe by Toe and reciprocal reading to support the	
Cost: ££££ Evidence Base: ****	progress of lower attaining pupils in KS2.	
Average impact: +5 months.	progress or ioner anaming papins in reserve	
£4000	1:1 daily phonics and reading tuition for pupils who are	
1:1 reading support/tuition:	at risk of not meeting age related expectations by the	
Cost: ££££ Evidence Base: ****	end of Year 1.	
Average impact: +5 months.		
Approximately £10,000	Teaching Assistants to lead in-class catch-up	
Teaching Assistants	interventions to address areas of underachievement	
Cost: ££££ Evidence Base: **	caused by school closure in 2020.	
Average impact +1 month.		
	Teaching Assistants to support class teachers with a	
	flexible approach to the curriculum to support learning	
	gaps caused by school closure. Teaching Assistants to	
	deliver in class writing support.	
Approximately £10,000	Booster Classes for Y6 pupils in reading, writing and	
Small group tuition:	mathematics to plug the learning gaps caused by school	
Cost: £££ Evidence Base: **	closure in 2020.	
Average impact: +4 months.		
£3000	Senior leaders will implement weekly sessions to	
Mastery Learning:	address more able and underachieving writers.	
Cost: £ Evidence Base: ***		
Average impact: +5 months.	Planned opportunities for able, gifted and talented pupils	
	within the school eg. digital leaders, language experts	
	etc.	
Delivery £3000	Senior leaders will implement a programme Y5 and Y6	
Small Group tuition:	booster classes for all pupils.	
Cost: £££ Evidence Base: **	booster classes for all pupils.	
Average impact: +4 months.		
£3500	Subsidised musical instrument lessons and after school	
After school programs/Arts	club places for disadvantaged pupils to develop talents,	
activity participation:	aptitudes and self-esteem.	
Cost: ££ Evidence Base: ***		
Impact: +2 months.		
£1000	Staff development to promote well-being and mental	
Staff Development:	health.	
	Senior leaders to lead staff training in all areas of the	
	curriculum and to develop teaching and learning in all	
	areas.	